

**Bauck's CHEMISTRY Ch. 7 Test Review** This is an optional assignment due the day of the test.

**Materials:** loose leaf paper, pen and/or pencil (You will be given a periodic table.)  
**Test date:** \_\_\_\_\_  
**Test value:** 200 points  
**Test format:** multiple choice; short answer essays;  
10 electron configurations:

For each question:

- Write the element name.
- Write the *CONDENSED* electron configuration
- Write the *VALENCE* electron configuration
- Draw the *VALENCE* orbital "boxes," labeled and filled with electron arrows.

For each question:

- Write the symbol and charge of the *ION* that the element can form.
- How many electrons are gained or lost?
- Write the name of the *ION* formed.
- Using the periodic table, write the *VALENCE* electron configuration for the *ION*.

For each question:

- Write the element name.
- Write out the *COMPLETE* electron configuration and underline the valence parts.
- Write how many electrons are in the valence shell.
- Write how many electrons are in each energy level. List in order.

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**TOPICS TO STUDY:**

- Antiparallel spin**—What is this? What is its importance to electrons in "shells"?
- Aufbau diagram**—What is this? Contrast to electron configurations using the periodic table. (NOTE: There will be no Aufbau diagram on the test.)
- Electron configuration**—What is it? How is it done with the periodic table? Contrast and be able to write out the following:
  - Complete electron configurations**
  - Condensed electron configurations**
  - Valence electron configurations**
  - Configurations of atoms vs. ions**Choose an element and give an example of a-d for this review.
- Noble Gas configuration**—What is this? Identify examples. Contrast with **Pseudo-Noble Gas configuration**.
- Orbitals**—What are they? Be able to identify correct and incorrect orbital designations. Give an example of each.
- Principal energy level (n)**—What is this?
- Pseudo-Noble Gas configuration**—What is this? When does this occur? Why is this an exception to regular electron configurations? Contrast with **Noble Gas configuration**.
- Sublevels**—What are they? What shapes can they be? What four letters are assigned to them?
- Superscript** vs. exponent—Which is used in **electron configurations**?
- Valence**—What is it? How does it relate to electron configurations?